

Conservation status of New Zealand birds, 2012

Hugh A. Robertson, John E. Dowding, Graeme P. Elliott, Rodney A. Hitchmough, Colin M. Miskelly, Colin F.J. O'Donnell, Ralph G. Powlesland, Paul M. Sagar, R. Paul Scofield, Graeme A. Taylor



Cover: Black-billed gull, *Larus bulleri*, on nest containing chicks, Whitestone River, Te Anau, October 1975. *Photo: Rod Morris*.

New Zealand Threat Classification Series is a scientific monograph series presenting publications related to the New Zealand Threat Classification System (NZTCS). Most will be lists providing NZTCS status of members of a plant or animal group (e.g. algae, birds, spiders). There are currently 23 groups, each assessed once every 3 years. After each three-year cycle there will be a report analysing and summarising trends across all groups for that listing cycle. From time to time the manual that defines the categories, criteria and process for the NZTCS will be reviewed. Publications in this series are considered part of the formal international scientific literature.

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Abstract

The first complete audit of the conservation status of the 473 taxa of birds that have been recorded in New Zealand since first human contact (about 1000 years ago) was carried out. Using the same ranking criteria, the assessments made in the audit were compared with those made in 2008 for the 428 taxa recorded post-1800. A total of 20 taxa moved to a more threatened status, while the status of 12 taxa improved, mainly as a result of successful conservation management. Overall, 77 species were assessed as being threatened with extinction, the same as in 2008; however, 25 rather than 24 taxa were now classified as being Nationally Critical. A list of all 473 bird taxa and their conservation status in 2012 is presented.

Keywords: threatened birds, extinct birds, conservation status, threat classification, New Zealand

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1. Summary

Miskelly et al. (2008) presented an audit of the conservation status of 428 taxa of New Zealand birds known to have been alive since 1800. We re-assessed their conservation status in 2012. The ranking criteria we used were identical to those used by Miskelly et al. (2008), and followed the New Zealand Threat Classification System manual (Townsend et al. 2008). This assessment also included 37 species known to have become extinct between human arrival in New Zealand (about 1000 years ago) and 1800, two species added to the New Zealand list since 2008, and seven other species (mainly historical vagrants) that were not assessed in 2008. One taxon was deleted as a result of two unnamed kiwi taxa no longer being regarded as distinct from each other. The final 473 bird taxa examined represents the first complete audit of the conservation status of New Zealand birds since first human contact.

In this review, however, we treated two Arctic migrant waders—eastern bar-tailed godwit *Limosa lapponica baueri* and lesser knot *Calidris canutus rogersi*—as 'resident' rather than 'migrant' because greater than 25% of the population of each taxon spends more than 50% of their life cycle in New Zealand, even though they don't breed in New Zealand.

Following further genetic analysis, two undescribed taxa of tokoeka *Apteryx australis* in Fiordland are now regarded as a single taxon (Allan Baker, pers. comm.). Two species, strawnecked ibis *Threskiornis spinicollis* and Pacific gull *Larus pacificus* have been added to the New Zealand list since 2008 (Miskelly et al. 2011, Colin Miskelly, pers. comm.). Seven species (feral chicken *Gallus gallus gallus*, white-bellied sea eagle *Haliaeetus leucogaster*, Oriental grey heron *Ardea cinerea jouyi*, corncrake *Crex crex*, Australian crake *Porzana fluminea*, common moorhen *Gallinula chloropus*, and semipalmated sandpiper *Calidris pusilla*) were added to the New Zealand list by the Ornithological Society's Checklist Committee, based on historical records of vagrants or a reassessment of their status (Gill et al. 2010). These and other name changes since the last listing are explained in Table 1.

A summary of the numbers of taxa in each category in Miskelly et al (2008) and this document is presented in Table 2, and a full list of the taxa with their updated status, qualifiers which apply to each and the criteria triggered to place the taxon into the category is presented in Section 2. Of the 473 taxa, we ranked 56 (11.8%) as Extinct (of which 37 went extinct before 1800, and 19 since 1800). Of the 417 bird species still extant in New Zealand, 77 (18.4%) were ranked as Threatened (comprising 25 Nationally Critical, 18 Nationally Endangered, and 34 Nationally Vulnerable), and 92 (22.1%) were At Risk (comprising 17 Declining, 13 Recovering, 17 Relict and 45 Naturally Uncommon). A total of 38 extant taxa (9.1%) were assessed as Not Threatened (native and resident), 9 (2.2%) as Coloniser, 24 (5.8%) as Migrant, 138 (33.1%) as Vagrant, and 37 (8.9%) as Introduced and Naturalised. Two (0.4%) taxa, South Island brown teal Anas chlorotis 'South Island' and South Island kokako Callaeas cinerea, were classified as Data Deficient. Although we consider that it is most likely that both of these taxa are functionally extinct, we are not convinced beyond reasonable doubt that the last individual of these taxa have died. The New Zealand storm petrel Pealeornis maoriana was moved from the Data Deficient category to Nationally Endangered following the discovery of breeding in New Zealand, and the availability of more information about likely population size.

The status of six taxa, all marine or partially marine, worsened and they were shifted into the Nationally Critical category: Antipodean albatross Diomedea antipodensis antipodensis, Gibson's albatross Diomedea antipodensis gibsoni, Salvin's mollymawk Thalassarche salvini, Chatham Island shag Leucocarbo onslowi, Pitt Island shag Stictocarbo featherstoni, and black-billed gull Larus bulleri. Five taxa have been removed from the Nationally Critical category: the South Island brown teal was moved to Data Deficient because it is probably extinct. However, the status of Bounty Island shag Leucocarbo ranfurlyi and orange-fronted parakeet Cyanoramphus malherbi

Table 1. Summary of changes to scientific names between Miskelly et al. (2008) and this review. Most changes follow the publication of a new Checklist (Gill et al. 2010), which incorporated recent taxonomic changes and often identified the subspecies of vagrants reaching New Zealand.

SCIENTIFIC NAME (MISKELLY ET AL. 2008)	SCIENTIFIC NAME (THIS DOCUMENT)	COMMON NAME
Anas rhynchotis variegata	Anas rhynchotis	Australasian shoveler
Anas superciliosa superciliosa	Anas superciliosa	Grey duck
Anous tenuirostris minutus	Anous minutus minutus	White-capped noddy
Ardea intermedia	Ardea intermedia plumifera	Intermediate egret
Ardea novaehollandiae	Egretta novaehollandiae	White-faced heron
Bubulcus ibis coromandus	Ardea ibis coromanda	Eastern cattle egret
Cacomantis flabelliformis	Cacomantis flabelliformis flabelliformis	Fan-tailed cuckoo
Calonectris diomedea borealis	Calonectris borealis	Cory's shearwater
Charadrius leschenaultii	Charadrius leschenaultii leschenaultii	Large sand dotterel
Charadrius melanops	Elseyornis melanops	Black-fronted dotterel
Chlidonias hybrida javanicus	Chlidonias hybridus javanicus	Whiskered tern
Cymochorea leucorhoa leucorhoa	Oceanodroma leucorhoa leucorhoa	Leach's storm petrel
Diomedea epomophora epomophora	Diomedea epomophora	Southern royal albatross
Diomedea epomophora sanfordi	Diomedea sanfordi	Northern royal albatross
Dryolimnas muelleri	Lewinia muelleri	Auckland Island rail
Egretta alba modesta	Ardea modesta	White heron
Egretta garzetta	Egretta garzetta immaculata	Little egret
Eudyptes chrysolophus chrysolophus	Eudyptes chrysolophus	Macaroni penguin
Eudyptes chrysolophus schlegeli	Eudyptes schlegeli	Royal penguin
Falco cenchroides	Falco cenchroides cenchroides	Nankeen kestrel
Fregeta ariel	Fregata ariel ariel	Lesser frigatebird
Fregeta minor	Fregata minor palmerstoni	Great frigatebird
Fulica atra	Fulica atra australis	Australian coot
Gelochelidon nilotica macrotarsa	Gelochelidon nilotica	Gull-billed tern
Gygis alba royana	Gygis alba candida	White tern
Hirundo ariel	Petrochelidon ariel	Fairy martin
Hirundo tahitica neoxena	Hirundo neoxena neoxena	Welcome swallow
Hylochelidon nigricans	Petrochelidon nigricans	Tree martin
Leucophaeus pipixcan	Larus pipixcan	Franklin's gull
Limicola falcinellus	Limicola falcinellus sibirica	Eastern broad-billed sandpip
Milvus migrans affinis	Milvus migrans	Black kite
Nycticorax caledonicus	Nycticorax caledonicus australasiae	Nankeen night heron
Oceanites oceanicus	Oceanites oceanicus exasperatus	Wilson's storm petrel
Onchyoprion anaethetus anaethetus	Onchyoprion anaethetus	Bridled tern
Onychoprion fuscata kermadeci	Onychoprion fuscata serratus	Sooty tern
Pelecanus conspicillatus conspicillatus	Pelecanus conspicillatus	Australian pelican
Phalaropus fulicarius	Phalaropus fulicaria	Grey phalarope
Pluvialis dominica	Pluvialis dominicus	American golden plover
Porphyrio melanotus	Porphyrio melanotus melanotus	Pukeko
Porzana tabuensis plumbea	Porzana tabuensis tabuensis	Spotless crake
Pseudobulweria rostrata rostrata	Pseudobulweria rostrata	Tahiti petrel
Pterodroma (leucoptera) caledonica	Pterodroma leucoptera caledonica	New Caledonian petrel
Puffinus pacificus	Puffinus pacificus pacificus	Wedge-tailed shearwater
Rostratula australis	Rostratula benghalensis	Painted snipe
Stercorarius pomarinus	Coprotheres pomarinus	Pomarine skua
Stictocarbo punctatus steadi	Stictocarbo punctatus oliveri	Blue shag

Continued on next page

SCIENTIFIC NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME
(MISKELLY ET AL. 2008)	(THIS DOCUMENT)	
Streptopelia chinensis	Streptopelia chinensis tigrina	Spotted dove
Streptopelia roseogrisea	Streptopelia risoria	African (Barbary) collared-dove
Sula dactylatra fullageri (sic)	Sula dactylatra tasmani	Masked (blue-faced) booby
Sula leucogaster	Sula leucogaster plotus	Brown booby
Tachybaptus novaehollandiae	Tachybaptus novaehollandiae novaehollandiae	Australasian little grebe
Thalassarche melanophrys	Thalassarche melanophris	Black-browed mollymawk
Thalasseus bergii cristatus	Sterna bergii cristata	Crested tern
Threskiornis molucca	Threskiornis molucca strictipennis	Australian white ibis
Tringa terek	Tringa cinerea	Terek sandpiper
Xenicus longipes stokesi	Xenicus longipes stokesii	North Island bush wren

Table 2. Statistical summary of the status of New Zealand bird species assessed in 2008 (Miskelly et al. 2008) and 2012 (this document). Note that direct comparisons of extinct and vagrant species are difficult because more taxa were assessed in 2012 than in 2008.

CATEGORY	TOTAL 2008	TOTAL 2012
Extinct	20	56
Data Deficient	1	2
Threatened—Nationally Critical	24	25
Threatened—Nationally Endangered	15	18
Threatened - Nationally Vulnerable	38	34
At Risk—Declining	18	17
At Risk—Recovering	9	13
At Risk—Relict	18	17
At Risk—Naturally Uncommon	47	45
Non-resident native—Migrant	27	24
Non-resident native—Vagrant	130	138
Non-resident native—Coloniser	8	9
Not Threatened	36	38
Introduced and Naturalised	36	37
Total	427	473

has improved and they were moved to Nationally Endangered, and grey-headed mollymawk *Thalassarche chrysostoma* and Chatham Island pigeon / parea *Hemiphaga chathamensis* moved to Nationally Vulnerable due to their better prognoses. The status of orange-fronted parakeet and Chatham Island pigeon / parea has improved as a direct result of successful conservation management programmes.

Other notable positive changes driven mainly by successful conservation management were the shift from Threatened categories to the At Risk—Recovering category for eastern falcon Falco novaeseelandiae "eastern", Stewart Island robin Petroica australis rakiura and North Island kokako Callaeas wilsoni; and the movement of North Island little shearwater Puffinus assimilis haurakiensis from Relict to this recovering category. However, these gains were tempered by the addition of five taxa in Threatened categories for the first time: Antipodean albatross, flesh-footed shearwater Puffinus carneipes, New Zealand storm petrel, lesser knot, and kea Nestor notabilis.

Table 3. Detailed summary of status changes of New Zealand birds between year 2008 (Miskelly et al. 2008) and 2012 (this document).

CONSERVATION STATUS 2012	CONSERVATION STATUS 2008	DETERMINATE	INDETERMINATE	TOTAL
EXTINCT		56		56
	Extinct	19		19
	Not assessed	37		37
DATA DEFICIENT		1	1	2
	Extinct	1		1
	Nationally Critical		1	1
THREATENED		73	4	77
Nationally Critical		23	2	25
	Nationally Critical	17	2	19
	Nationally Endangered	3		3
	Nationally Vulnerable	2		2
	Naturally Uncommon	1		1
Nationally Endangered		18		18
	Data Deficient	1		1
	Nationally Critical	2		2
	Nationally Endangered	9		9
	Declining	5		5
	Naturally Uncommon	1		1
Nationally Vulnerable		32	2	34
	Nationally Critical	2		2
	Nationally Endangered	2	1	3
	Nationally Vulnerable	26	1	27
	Declining	1		1
	Migrant	1		1
AT RISK		91	1	92
Declining		17		17
	Declining	14		14
	Naturally Uncommon	2		2
	Migrant	1		1
Recovering		12	1	13
	Nationally Vulnerable	2	1	3
	Recovering	10		10
Relict		17		17
	Relict	17		17
Naturally Uncommon		45		45
	Declining	1		1
	Naturally Uncommon	43		43
	Not Threatened	1		1
NON-RESIDENT NATIVE		171		171
Migrant		24		24
	Migrant	24		24
/agrant		138		138
	Migrant	1		1
	Vagrant	129		129
	Not assessed	8		8
Coloniser		9		9
	Vagrant	1		1
	Coloniser	8		8

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Table 3 continued

CONSERVATION STATUS 2012	CONSERVATION STATUS 2008	DETERMINATE	INDETERMINATE	TOTAL
NOT THREATENED		38		38
	Declining	2		2
	Naturally Uncommon	1		1
	Not Threatened	35		35
INTRODUCED AND NATURALISED		37		37
	Introduced and Naturalised	36		36
	Not assessed	1		1
TOTAL		466	7	473

Overall, changes were made to the status of 32 (7.4%) of the 428 taxa examined by Miskelly et al. (2008) after just 4 years. Taxa can change status between listings either as a result of a genuine increase or decrease in abundance or range, or as a result of better knowledge (e.g. from more accurate population estimates or the discovery of previously unknown populations). These two categories are not mutually exclusive—a species can have had both a genuine decline or recovery documented and additional populations discovered. The status of 12 taxa improved, mainly as a result of conservation management, but some as a result of improved knowledge or different interpretation of existing data. However, 20 taxa moved to a more threatened category. A summary of shifts of taxa between categories is presented in Table 3. A more detailed explanation of the reasons behind some of the changes in status will be published elsewhere.

2. Conservation status of all New Zealand birds since human contact

Taxa are assessed according to the criteria of Townsend et al. (2008), grouped by conservation status, then alphabetically by scientific name. In all cases, predicted and ongoing rates of population change are measured over 10 years or three generations, whichever is the longer. For non-endemic species that are threatened internationally, the IUCN category is listed alongside the NZTCS listing. Categories are ordered by degree of loss, with Extinct at the top of the list and Not Threatened at the bottom, above Introduced and Naturalised. The Data Deficient list is inserted between Extinct and Threatened. Although the true status of Data Deficient taxa could span the entire range of available categories, the two bird taxa in that list are there because they are likely to be functionally extinct or actually extinct.

See Townsend et al. (2008) for details of criteria and qualifiers, which are abbreviated as follows:

- CD Conservation Dependent
- De Designated
- DP Data Poor
- EF Extreme Fluctuations
- EW Extinct in the Wild
- IE Island Endemic
- Inc Increasing
- OL One Location
- PD Partial Decline
- RF Recruitment Failure
- RR Range Restricted
- SO Secure Overseas
- Sp Sparse
- St Stable
- TO Threatened Overseas

2.1 Taxonomically Determinate

Extinct

Taxa for which there is no reasonable doubt—following repeated surveys in known or expected habitats at appropriate times (diurnal, seasonal and annual) and throughout the taxon's historic range—that the last individual has died.

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	FAMILY
Aegotheles novaezealandiae	New Zealand owlet-nightjar	Aegothelidae
Anomalopteryx didiformis	Little bush moa	Emeidae
Anthornis melanocephala	Chatham Island bellbird	Meliphagidae
Aptornis defossor	South Island adzebill	Aptornithidae
Aptornis otidiformis	North Island adzebill	Aptornithidae
Aquila moorei	Haast's eagle	Accipitridae
Biziura delautouri	New Zealand musk duck	Anatidae
Bowdleria rufescens	Chatham Island fernbird	Megaluridae
Cabalus modestus	Chatham rail	Rallidae
Capellirallus karamu	Snipe-rail	Rallidae
Chenonetta finschi	Finsch's duck	Anatidae
Circus teauteensis	Eyles' harrier	Accipitridae

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	FAMILY
Cnemiornis calcitrans	South Island goose	Anatidae
Cnemiornis gracilis	North Island goose	Anatidae
Coenocorypha barrierensis	North Island snipe	Scolopacidae
Coenocorypha chathamica	Forbes' snipe	Scolopacidae
Coenocorypha iredalei	South Island snipe	Scolopacidae
Corvus antipodum antipodum	North Island raven	Corvidae
Corvus antipodum pycrafti	South Island raven	Corvidae
Corvus moriorum	Chatham Island raven	Corvidae
Coturnix novaezelandiae	New Zealand quail	Phasianidae
Dendroscansor decurvirostris	Long-billed wren	Acanthisittidae
Diaphorapteryx hawkinsi	Hawkins' rail	Rallidae
Dinornis novaezealandiae	North Island giant moa	Dinornithidae
Dinornis robustus	South Island giant moa	Dinornithidae
Emeus crassus	Eastern moa	Emeidae
Euryapteryx curtus	Coastal moa	Emeidae
Euryapteryx gravis	Stout-legged moa	Emeidae
Fulica chathamensis	Chatham Island coot	Rallidae
Fulica prisca	New Zealand coot	Rallidae
Gallinula hodgenorum	Hodgens' waterhen	Rallidae
Gallirallus dieffenbachii	Dieffenbach's rail	Rallidae
Heteralocha acutirostris	Huia	Callaeidae
Ixobrychus novaezelandiae	New Zealand little bittern	Ardeidae
Malacorhynchus scarletti	Scarlett's duck	Anatidae
Megadyptes waitaha	Waitaha penguin	Spheniscidae
Megalapteryx didinus	Upland moa	Emeidae
Mergus australis	New Zealand merganser	Anatidae
Oxyura vantetsi	New Zealand blue-billed duck	Anatidae
Pachyanas chathamica	Chatham Island duck	Anatidae
Pachyornis australis	Crested moa	Emeidae
Pachyornis elephantopus	Heavy-footed moa	Emeidae
Pachyornis geranoides	Mantell's moa	Emeidae
Pachyplichas jagmi	North Island stout-legged wren	Acanthisittidae
Pachyplichas yaldwyni	South Island stout-legged wren	Acanthisittidae
Porphyrio mantelli	North Island takahe	Rallidae
Puffinus spelaeus	Scarlett's shearwater	Procellariidae
Sceloglaux albifacies albifacies	South Island laughing owl	Strigidae
Sceloglaux albifacies rufifacies	North Island laughing owl	Strigidae
Traversia Iyalli	Lyall's wren	Acanthisittidae
Turnagra capensis capensis	South Island piopio	Turnagridae
Turnagra capensis minor	Stephens Island piopio	Turnagridae
Turnagra tanagra	North Island piopio	Turnagridae
Xenicus longipes longipes	South Island bush wren	Acanthisittidae
Xenicus longipes stokesii	North Island bush wren	Acanthisittidae
Xenicus longipes variabilis	Stead's bush wren	Acanthisittidae

Data Deficient

Taxa that are suspected to be threatened, or in some instances, possibly extinct but are not definitely known to belong to any particular category due to a lack of current information about their distribution and abundance. It is hoped that listing such taxa will stimulate research to find out the true category (for a fuller definition see Townsend et al. 2008).

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	FAMILY
Callaeas cinerea	South Island kokako	Callaeidae

Threatened

Taxa that meet the criteria specified by Townsend et al. (2008) for the categories Nationally Critical, Nationally Endangered and Nationally Vulnerable.

Limited to taxa that are native and resident, i.e. excluding introduced taxa or those that are colonisers, migrants or vagrants.

Nationally Critical

Criteria for Nationally Critical:

A—very small population (natural or unnatural)

- A(1) <250 mature individuals, regardless of cause
- $A(2) \le 2$ subpopulations, ≤ 200 mature individuals in the larger subpopulation
- A(3) Total area of occupancy ≤ 1 ha (0.01 km²)

B—small population (natural or unnatural) with a high ongoing or predicted decline

- B(1/1) 250–1000 mature individuals, predicted decline 50–70%
- B(2/1) \leq 5 sub-populations, \leq 300 mature individuals in the largest sub-population, predicted decline 50–70%
- B(3/1) Total area of occupancy \leq 10 ha (0.1 km²), predicted decline 50-70%

C—population (irrespective of size or number of sub-populations) with a very high ongoing or predicted decline (>70%).

C Predicted decline > 70%

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	FAMILY	CRITERIA 2012	QUALIFIERS
Anas nesiotis	Campbell Island teal	Anatidae	A(1)	IE, Inc, RR
Anas superciliosa	Grey duck	Anatidae	С	SO
Apteryx rowi	Rowi, Okarito brown kiwi	Apterygidae	A(1)	CD, Inc, OL, RF
Ardea modesta	White heron	Ardeidae	A(1)	OL, SO, St
Charadrius obscurus obscurus	Southern New Zealand dotterel	Charadriidae	A(1)	CD, OL, St
Coenocorypha aucklandica perseverance	Campbell Island snipe	Scolopacidae	A(1)	IE, Inc, OL
Diomedea antipodensis antipodensis	Antipodean albatross	Diomedeidae	С	IE, RF, RR
Diomedea antipodensis gibsoni	Gibson's albatross	Diomedeidae	С	IE, OL
Eudyptes filholi	Eastern rockhopper penguin	Spheniscidae	С	RR, TO
Gygis alba candida	White tern	Sternidae	A(1)	CD, OL, SO
Haematopus chathamensis	Chatham Island oystercatcher	Haematopodidae	A(1)	CD, IE, RR, St
Himantopus novaezelandiae	Black stilt	Recurvirostridae	A(1)	CD, RR
Larus bulleri	Black-billed gull	Laridae	С	RF
Leucocarbo onslowi	Chatham Island shag	Phalacrocoracidae	С	IE, RR
Pelagodroma albiclunis	Kermadec white-faced storm petrel	Hydrobatidae	A(1)	IE, OL
Petroica traversi	Black robin	Petroicidae	A(1)	IE, RR
Porphyrio hochstetteri	Takahe	Rallidae	A(1)	CD, RR
Pterodroma magentae	Chatham Island taiko	Procellariidae	A(1)	CD, IE, Inc, OL
Sternula nereis davisae	New Zealand fairy tern	Sternidae	A(1)	CD, RR
Stictocarbo featherstoni	Pitt Island shag	Phalacrocoracidae	B(1/1)	IE, RR
Strigops habroptilus	Kakapo	Strigopidae	A(1)	CD, Inc, RR
Thalassarche salvini	Salvin's mollymawk	Diomedeidae	С	RR
Thinornis novaeseelandiae	New Zealand shore plover	Charadriidae	A(1)	CD, Inc, RR, Sp

Nationally Endangered

Criteria for Nationally Endangered:

A—small population (natural or unnatural) that has a low to high ongoing or predicted decline

- A(1/1) 250-1000 mature individuals, predicted decline 10-50%
- A(2/1) \leq 5 sub-populations, \leq 300 mature individuals in the largest subpopulation, predicted decline 10–50%
- A(3/1) Total area of occupancy ≤10 ha (0.1 km²), predicted decline 10-50%

B—small stable population (unnatural)

- B(1/1) 250-1000 mature individuals, stable population
- B(2/1) \leq 5 sub-populations, \leq 300 mature individuals in the largest subpopulation, stable population
- B(3/1) Total area of occupancy \leq 10 ha (0.1 km²), stable population

C-moderate population and high ongoing or predicted decline.

- C(1/1) 1000-5000 mature individuals, predicted decline 50-70%
- C(2/1) \leq 15 sub-populations, \leq 500 mature individuals in the largest subpopulation, predicted decline 50–70%
- C(3/1) Total area of occupancy ≤ 100 ha (1 km^2) , predicted decline 50-70%

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	FAMILY	CRITERIA 2012	QUALIFIERS
Apteryx australis lawryi	Stewart Island tokoeka	Apterygidae	С	De, DP, OL, RF
Botaurus poiciloptilus	Australasian bittern	Ardeidae	A(1/1)	DP, Sp, TO
Chlidonias albostriatus	Black-fronted tern	Sternidae	C(1/1)	RF, Sp
Cyanoramphus forbesi	Forbes' parakeet	Psittacidae	B(1/1)	CD, IE, OL
Cyanoramphus malherbi	Orange-fronted parakeet	Psittacidae	B(2/1)	CD, EF, RR
Egretta sacra sacra	Reef heron	Ardeidae	B(1/1)	DP, SO, Sp, St
Eudyptes pachyrhynchus	Fiordland crested penguin	Spheniscidae	C(1/1)	Sp
Fregetta grallaria grallaria	White-bellied storm petrel	Hydrobatidae	B(1/1)	CD, DP, RR, TO
Gallirallus australis scotti	Stewart Island weka	Rallidae	A(1/1)	DP
Leucocarbo carunculatus	King shag	Phalacrocoracidae	B(1/1)	RR
Leucocarbo ranfurlyi	Bounty Island shag	Phalacrocoracidae	A(1/1)	IE, OL
Nestor notabilis	Kea	Strigopidae	C(1/1)	RF
Pealeornis maoriana	New Zealand storm petrel	Hydrobatidae	B(1/1)	DP, RR
Petroica macrocephala chathamensis	Chatham Island tomtit	Petroicidae	B(1/1)	CD, IE, RR, St
Phaethon rubricauda	Red-tailed tropicbird	Phaethontidae	B(1/1)	RR ,SO, St
Prosthemadera novaeseelandiae chathamensis	Chatham Island tui	Meliphagidae	B(1/1)	IE, RR, St
Sula dactylatra tasmani	Masked (blue-faced) booby	Sulidae	B(1/1)	RR, St, TO
Xenicus gilviventris	Rock wren	Acanthisittidae	C(1/1)	DP, RR, Sp

Nationally Vulnerable

Criteria for Nationally Vulnerable:

A—small, increasing population (unnatural)

- A(1/1) 250-1000 mature individuals, predicted increase >10%
- A(2/1) \leq 5 subpopulations, \leq 300 mature individuals in the largest subpopulation, predicted increase > 10%
- A(3/1) Total area of occupancy ≤10 ha (0.1 km²), predicted increase >10%

B—moderate, stable population (unnatural)

- B(1/1) 1000-5000 mature individuals, stable population
- B(2/1) \leq 15 subpopulations, \leq 500 mature individuals in the largest subpopulation, stable population
- B(3/1) Total area of occupancy \leq 100 ha (1 km 2), stable population

C—moderate population, with population trend that is declining

- C(1/1) 1000-5000 mature individuals, predicted decline 10-50%
- C(2/1) \leq 15 sub-populations, \leq 500 mature individuals in the largest subpopulation, predicted decline 10–50%
- C(3/1) Total area of occupancy ≤ 100 ha (1 km^2) , predicted decline 10-50%

D—moderate to large population, and moderate to high ongoing or predicted decline.

- D(1/1) 5000-20 000 mature individuals, predicted decline 30-70%
- D(2/1) \leq 15 subpopulations and \leq 1000 mature individuals in the largest sub-population, predicted decline 30–70%
- D(3/1) Total area of occupancy \leq 1000 ha (10 km²), predicted decline 30-70%

E—large population, and high ongoing or predicted decline.

- E(1/1) 20 000–100 000 mature individuals, predicted decline 50–70%
- E(2/1) Total area of occupancy ≤10 000 ha (100 km²), predicted decline 50-70%

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	FAMILY	CRITERIA 2012	QUALIFIER
Anarhynchus frontalis	Wrybill	Charadriidae	C(1/1)	RR
Anas aucklandica	Auckland Island teal	Anatidae	B(1/1)	IE, RR, St
Apteryx australis australis	Fiordland tokoeka	Apterygidae	D(1/1)	PD, RF
Apteryx haastii	Great spotted kiwi	Apterygidae	D(1/1)	DP, RF
Apteryx mantelli	North Island brown kiwi	Apterygidae	D(1/1)	CD, PD, RF
Bowdleria punctata stewartiana	Stewart Island fernbird	Megaluridae	B(1/1)	DP, RR
Calidris canutus rogersi	Lesser knot	Scolopacidae	E(1/1)	TO
Charadrius bicinctus bicinctus	Banded dotterel	Charadriidae	D(1/1)	DP
Charadrius obscurus aquilonius	Northern New Zealand dotterel	Charadriidae	B(1/1)	CD, Inc
Coenocorypha pusilla	Chatham Island snipe	Scolopacidae	B(1/1)	IE, RR, St
Eudyptula minor albosignata	White-flippered blue penguin	Spheniscidae	D(1/1)	CD, PD, RF
Gallirallus australis greyi	North Island weka	Rallidae	D(1/1)	
Gerygone albofrontata	Chatham Island warbler	Acanthizidae	B(1/1)	IE, RR, St
Hemiphaga chathamensis	Chatham Island pigeon, parea	Columbidae	A(1/1)	CD, IE, OL
Hydroprogne caspia	Caspian tern	Sternidae	C(1/1)	SO, Sp
Hymenolaimus malacorhynchos	Blue duck, whio	Anatidae	C(1/1)	CD, PD, Sp
Larus novaehollandiae scopulinus	Red-billed gull	Laridae	E(1/1)	
Leucocarbo chalconotus	Stewart Island shag	Phalacrocoracidae	B(1/1)	
Leucocarbo colensoi	Auckland Island shag	Phalacrocoracidae	B(1/1)	IE, Inc, RR
Megadyptes antipodes	Yellow-eyed penguin	Spheniscidae	B(1/1)	EF
Mohoua ochrocephala	Yellowhead, mohua	Pachycephalidae	B(1/1)	CD, PD, RF
Nestor meridionalis meridionalis	South Island kaka	Strigopidae	C(1/1)	CD, PD, RF
Nestor meridionalis septentrionalis	North Island kaka	Strigopidae	C(1/1)	CD, PD, RF
Notiomystis cincta	Stitchbird	Notiomystidae	B(1/1)	CD, EF, RR
Phalacrocorax varius varius	Pied shag	Phalacrocoracidae	C(1/1)	
Podiceps cristatus australis	Southern crested grebe	Podicipedidae	A(1/1)	Inc, SO
Poliocephalus rufopectus	New Zealand dabchick	Podicipedidae	B(1/1)	St
Procellaria parkinsoni	Black petrel	Procellariidae	C(1/1)	RR
Pterodroma axillaris	Chatham petrel	Procellariidae	A(1/1)	CD, Inc, RF
Puffinus carneipes	Flesh-footed shearwater	Procellariidae	E(1/1)	RR, TO
Sterna striata aucklandorna	Southern white-fronted tern	Sternidae	B(1/1)	DP, RR
Thalassarche chrysostoma	Grey-headed mollymawk	Diomedeidae	B(3/1)	OL, TO

At Risk

Taxa that meet the criteria specified by Townsend et al. (2008) for Declining, Recovering, Relict and Naturally Uncommon.

Declining

Taxa that do not qualify as 'Threatened' because they are buffered by large population size and/or a slower rate of decline than the trigger points.

Criteria for Declining:

A-moderate to large population and low ongoing or predicted decline

- A(1/1) 5000-20 000 mature individuals, predicted decline 10-30%
- A(2/1) Total area of occupancy \leq 1000 ha (10 km²), predicted decline 10-30%

B—large population and low to moderate ongoing or predicted decline

- B(1/1) 20 000-100 000 mature individuals, predicted decline 10-50%
- B(2/1) Total area of occupancy $\leq\!10\,000$ ha (100 km²), predicted decline 10–50%

C—very large population and low to high ongoing or predicted decline.

- C(1/1) >100 000 mature individuals, predicted decline 10-70%
- C(2/1) Total area of occupancy >10 000 ha (100 km²), predicted decline 10-70%

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	FAMILY	CRITERIA 2012	QUALIFIERS
Acanthisitta chloris granti	North Island rifleman	Acanthisittidae	B(1/1)	DP
Anthus novaeseelandiae novaeseelandiae	New Zealand pipit	Motacillidae	C(1/1)	
Bowdleria punctatapunctata	South Island fernbird	Megaluridae	B(1/1)	
Bowdleria punctata vealeae	North Island fernbird	Megaluridae	B(1/1)	DP
Eudyptes sclateri	Erect-crested penguin	Spheniscidae	C(1/1)	
Eudyptula minor iredalei	Northern blue penguin	Spheniscidae	B(1/1)	DP, EF
Eudyptula minor minor	Southern blue penguin	Spheniscidae	B(1/1)	DP
Gallirallus philippensis assimilis	Banded rail	Rallidae	A(1/1)	DP, RR
Haematopus finschi	South Island pied oystercatcher	Haematopodidae	B(1/1)	
Himantopus himantopus leucocephalus	Pied stilt	Recurvirostridae	B(1/1)	SO
Limosa lapponica baueri	Eastern bar-tailed godwit	Scolopacidae	B(1/1)	ТО
Phoebetria palpebrata	Light-mantled sooty albatross	Diomedeidae	B(1/1)	DP, RR, SO
Procellaria aequinoctialis	White-chinned petrel	Procellariidae	C(1/1)	RR, TO
Puffinus griseus	Sooty shearwater	Procellariidae	C(1/1)	SO
Puffinus huttoni	Hutton's shearwater	Procellariidae	C(1/1)	OL
Sterna striata striata	White-fronted tern	Sternidae	B(1/1)	DP
Thalassarche cauta steadi	NZ White-capped mollymawk	Diomedeidae	C (1/1)	EF, RR

Recovering

Taxa that have undergone a documented decline within the last 1000 years and now have an ongoing or predicted increase of >10% in the total population or area of occupancy, taken over the next 10 years or three generations, whichever is longer. Note that such taxa that are increasing but have a population size of <1000 mature individuals (or total area of occupancy of <10 ha) are listed in one of the Threatened categories, depending on their population size (for more details see Townsend et al. (2008)).

Criteria for Recovering:

A 1000–5000 mature individuals or total area of occupancy \leq 100 ha (1 km²), and predicted increase >10%

B 5000–20 000 mature individuals or total area of occupancy \leq 1000 ha (10 km²), and predicted increase >10%

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	FAMILY	CRITERIA 2012	QUALIFIERS
Anas chlorotis	Brown teal	Anatidae	А	CD, RR
Anthus novaeseelandiae aucklandicus	Subantarctic pipit	Motacillidae	В	Inc, RR
Apteryx owenii	Little spotted kiwi	Apterygidae	Α	CD, Inc, RR
Callaeas wilsoni	North Island kokako	Callaeidae	Α	CD, Inc, Sp
Cyanoramphus novaezelandiae cyanurus	Kermadec parakeet	Psittacidae	В	EF, IE, Inc, RR
Haematopus unicolor	Variable oystercatcher	Haematopodidae	Α	Inc
Petroica australis rakiura	Stewart Island robin	Petroicidae	Α	RR
Philesturnus carunculatus	South Island saddleback	Callaeidae	Α	Inc, RR
Philesturnus rufusater	North Island saddleback	Callaeidae	В	Inc, RR
Pterodroma pycrofti	Pycroft's petrel	Procellariidae	В	Inc, RR
Puffinus assimilis haurakiensis	North Island little shearwater	Procellariidae	В	Inc, RR
Sterna vittata bethunei	New Zealand Antarctic tern	Sternidae	Α	RR

Relict

Taxa that have undergone a documented decline within the last 1000 years, and now occupy <10% of their former range and meet one of the following criteria:

Criteria for Relict:

- A 5000-20 000 mature individuals; population stable (±10%)
- B >20 000 mature individuals; population stable or increasing at >10%. The range of a relictual taxon takes into account the area currently occupied as a ratio of its former extent. Relict can also include taxa that exist as reintroduced and self-sustaining populations within or outside their former known range (for more details see Townsend et al. (2008)).

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	FAMILY	CRITERIA 2012	QUALIFIERS
Cyanoramphus novaezelandiae novaezelandiae	Red-crowned parakeet	Psittacidae	В	
Gallirallus australis hectori	Buff weka	Rallidae	В	
Garrodia nereis	Grey-backed storm petrel	Hydrobatidae	В	RR, SO
Pachyptila turtur	Fairy prion	Procellariidae	В	RR, SO
Pachyptila vittata	Broad-billed prion	Procellariidae	В	RR, SO
Pelagodroma marina maoriana	New Zealand white-faced storm petrel	Hydrobatidae	В	RR
Pelecanoides urinatrix chathamensis	Southern diving petrel	Procellariidae	В	RR
Pelecanoides urinatrix urinatrix	Northern diving petrel	Procellariidae	В	Inc, RR, SO
Porzana pusilla affinis	Marsh crake	Rallidae	Α	DP
Porzana tabuensis tabuensis	Spotless crake	Rallidae	Α	DP, SO
Pterodroma cervicalis	White-naped petrel	Procellariidae	В	OL
Pterodroma cookii	Cook's petrel	Procellariidae	В	Inc, RR
Pterodroma inexpectata	Mottled petrel	Procellariidae	В	Inc, RR
Pterodroma neglecta	Kermadec petrel	Procellariidae	В	SO
Puffinus assimilis kermadecensis	Kermadec little shearwater	Procellariidae	В	IE, RR
Puffinus gavia	Fluttering shearwater	Procellariidae	В	RR
Puffinus pacificus pacificus	Wedge-tailed shearwater	Procellariidae	В	RR, SO

Naturally Uncommon

Taxa whose distribution is confined to a specific geographical area or which occur within naturally small and widely scattered populations, where this distribution is not the result of human disturbance. Taxa with >20 000 mature individuals are not considered naturally uncommon unless they occupy an area of <1000 km².

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	FAMILY	QUALIFIERS
Anous minutus minutus	White-capped noddy	Sternidae	RR, SO
Anthornis melanura obscura	Three Kings bellbird	Meliphagidae	IE, OL, St
Anthornis melanura oneho	Poor Knights bellbird	Meliphagidae	IE, OL, St
Anthus novaeseelandiae chathamensis	Chatham Island pipit	Motacillidae	IE, RR, St
Anthus novaeseelandiae steindachneri	Antipodes Island pipit	Motacillidae	IE, RR, St
Bowdleria punctata caudata	Snares Island fernbird	Megaluridae	IE, OL, St
Bowdleria punctata wilsoni	Codfish Island fernbird	Megaluridae	IE, RR
Catharacta antarctica lonnbergi	Brown skua	Stercorariidae	Sp
Charadrius bicinctus exilis	Auckland Island banded dotterel	Charadriidae	DP, IE, RR
Coenocorypha aucklandica aucklandica	Auckland Island snipe	Scolopacidae	IE, RR, St
Coenocorypha aucklandica meinertzhagenae	Antipodes Island snipe	Scolopacidae	IE, RR, St
Coenocorypha huegeli	Snares Island snipe	Scolopacidae	IE, RR, St
Cyanoramphus hochstetteri	Reischek's parakeet	Psittacidae	IE, RR, St
Cyanoramphus novaezelandiae chathamensis	Chatham Island red-crowned parakeet	Psittacidae	IE, RR, St
Cyanoramphus unicolor	Antipodes Island parakeet	Psittacidae	IE, RR, St
Daption capense australe	Snares Cape pigeon	Procellariidae	RR
Diomedea epomophora	Southern royal albatross	Diomedeidae	RR
Diomedea sanfordi	Northern royal albatross	Diomedeidae	RR
Eudynamys taitensis	Long-tailed cuckoo	Cuculidae	De, DP
Eudyptes robustus	Snares crested penguin	Spheniscidae	IE, OL
Eudyptula minor chathamensis	Chatham Island blue penguin	Spheniscidae	IE, RR
Leucocarbo campbelli	Campbell Island shag	Phalacrocoracidae	DP, IE, OL
Lewinia muelleri	Auckland Island rail	Rallidae	DP, IE, RR, S
Macronectes halli	Northern giant petrel	Procellariidae	RR, SO
Onychoprion fuscata serratus	Sooty tern	Sternidae	OL, SO
Pachyptila crassirostris crassirostris	Fulmar prion	Procellariidae	RR, St
Pachyptila crassirostris flemingi	Lesser fulmar prion	Procellariidae	OL, St
Pachyptila crassirostris pyramidalis	Chatham fulmar prion	Procellariidae	IE, RR
Pachyptila desolata	Antarctic prion	Procellariidae	RR, SO
Petroica macrocephala dannefaerdi	Snares Island tomtit	Petroicidae	IE, OL, St
Petroica macrocephala marrineri	Auckland Island tomtit	Petroicidae	IE, RR
Phalacrocorax carbo novaehollandiae	Black shag	Phalacrocoracidae	SO, Sp
Phalacrocorax sulcirostris	Little black shag	Phalacrocoracidae	RR
Platalea regia	Royal spoonbill	Threskiornithidae	Inc, RR, SO, S
Procellaria cinerea	Grey petrel	Procellariidae	RR, SO
Procellaria westlandica	Westland petrel	Procellariidae	OL, St
Procelsterna cerulea albivittata	Grey ternlet	Sternidae	RR
Puffinus bulleri	Buller's shearwater	Procellariidae	OL, St
	Subantarctic little shearwater	Procellariidae	RR
Puffinus elegans	Chatham Island fantail		
Rhipidura fuliginosa penita		Rhipiduridae	EF, IE, RR
Stictocarbo punctatus oliveri	Southern Buller's mallymanus	Phalacrocoracidae	DD
Fhalassarche bulleri bulleri	Southern Buller's mollymawk	Diomedeidae	RR
Fhalassarche bulleri platei	Pacific mollymawk (northern Buller's) Chatham Island mollymawk	Diomedeidae Diomedeidae	RR IE, OL
Thalassarche eremita			

Non-resident Native

Taxa whose natural presence in New Zealand is either discontinuous (Migrant) or temporary (Vagrant) or which have succeeded in recent years (since 1950) to establish a resident breeding population (Coloniser).

Migrant

Taxa that predictably and cyclically visit New Zealand as part of their normal life cycle (a minimum of 15 individuals known or presumed to visit per annum) but do not breed here. Where >25% of the taxon relies on New Zealand for greater than 50% of its life-cycle (e.g. prebreeding years plus each austral summer), they have been considered as part of the native avifauna.

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	FAMILY	QUALIFIERS
Ardea ibis coromanda	Eastern cattle egret	Ardeidae	SO
Arenaria interpres	Turnstone	Scolopacidae	SO
Calidris acuminata	Sharp-tailed sandpiper	Scolopacidae	SO
Calidris ruficollis	Red-necked stint	Scolopacidae	SO
Catharacta maccormicki	South Polar skua	Stercorariidae	SO
Chlidonias leucopterus	White-winged black tern	Sternidae	SO
Coprotheres pomarinus	Pomarine skua	Stercorariidae	SO
Daption capense capense	Cape pigeon	Procellariidae	SO
Diomedea exulans	Snowy albatross	Diomedeidae	ТО
Fulmarus glacialoides	Antarctic fulmar	Procellariidae	SO
Halobaena caerulea	Blue petrel	Procellariidae	SO
Lugensa brevirostris	Kerguelen petrel	Procellariidae	SO
Macronectes giganteus	Southern giant petrel	Procellariidae	SO
Numenius madagascariensis	Far-eastern curlew	Scolopacidae	SO
Numenius phaeopus variegatus	Asiatic whimbrel	Scolopacidae	SO
Oceanites oceanicus exasperatus	Wilson's storm petrel	Hydrobatidae	SO
Pachyptila belcheri	Narrow-billed prion	Procellariidae	SO
Pachyptila salvini	Salvin's prion	Procellariidae	SO
Pluvialis fulva	Pacific golden plover	Charadriidae	SO
Puffinus tenuirostris	Short-tailed shearwater	Procellariidae	SO
Stercorarius longicaudus	Long-tailed skua	Stercorariidae	SO
Stercorarius parasiticus	Arctic skua	Stercorariidae	SO
Sterna paradisaea	Arctic tern	Sternidae	SO
Sternula albifrons sinensis	Eastern little tern	Sternidae	SO

Vagrant

Taxa whose occurrences, though natural, are sporadic and typically transitory, or migrants with fewer than 15 individuals visiting New Zealand per annum.

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	FAMILY	QUALIFIERS
Acrocephalus australis	Australian reed warbler	Acrocephalidae	SO
Anas acuta	Northern pintail	Anatidae	SO
Anas castanea	Chestnut teal	Anatidae	SO
Anas clypeata	Northern shoveler	Anatidae	SO
Anhinga melanogaster novaehollandiae	Australian darter	Anhingidae	SO
Anthochaera carunculata	Red wattlebird	Meliphagidae	SO
Aptenodytes forsteri	Emperor penguin	Spheniscidae	SO

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	FAMILY	QUALIFIERS
Aptenodytes patagonicus	King penguin	Spheniscidae	SO
Apus pacificus pacificus	Fork-tailed swift	Apodidae	SO
Ardea cinerea jouyi	Oriental grey heron	Ardeidae	SO
Ardea intermedia plumifera	Intermediate egret	Ardeidae	SO
Ardea pacifica	White-necked heron	Ardeidae	SO
Artamus personatus	Masked Woodswallow	Artamidae	SO
Artamus superciliosus	White-browed Woodswallow	Artamidae	SO
Aythya australis	Australian white-eyed duck	Anatidae	SO
Bartramia longicauda	Upland sandpiper	Scolopacidae	SO
Bulweria bulwerii	Bulwer's petrel	Procellariidae	SO
Cacomantis flabelliformis flabelliformis	Fan-tailed cuckoo	Cuculidae	SO
Calidris alba	Sanderling	Scolopacidae	SO
Calidris alpina	Dunlin	Scolopacidae	SO
Calidris bairdii	Baird's sandpiper	Scolopacidae	so
Calidris ferruginea	Curlew sandpiper	Scolopacidae	so
Calidris ferruginea Calidris fuscicollis	White-rumped sandpiper	Scolopacidae	SO SO
Calidris himantopus	Stilt sandpiper	Scolopacidae	SO
Calidris nimantopus Calidris mauri		•	SO SO
Calidris mauri Calidris melanotos	Western sandpiper	Scolopacidae	SO
	Pectoral sandpiper	Scolopacidae	
Calidris minuta	Little stint	Scolopacidae	SO
Calidris pusilla	Semipalmated sandpiper	Scolopacidae	SO
Calidris subminuta	Long-toed stint	Scolopacidae	SO
Calidris tenuirostris	Great knot	Scolopacidae	SO
Calonectris borealis	Cory's shearwater	Procellariidae	SO
Calonectris leucomelas	Streaked shearwater	Procellariidae	SO
Charadrius leschenaultii leschenaultii	Large sand dotterel	Charadriidae	SO
Charadrius mongolus	Mongolian dotterel	Charadriidae	SO
Charadrius ruficapillus	Red-capped dotterel	Charadriidae	SO
Charadrius semipalmatus	Semi-palmated plover	Charadriidae	SO
Charadrius veredus	Oriental dotterel	Charadriidae	SO
Chenonetta jubata	Australian wood duck	Anatidae	SO
Chlidonias hybridus javanicus	Whiskered tern	Sternidae	SO
Coracina novaehollandiae	Black-faced cuckoo-shrike	Campephagidae	SO
Crex crex	Corncrake	Rallidae	SO
Cuculus optatus	Oriental cuckoo	Cuculidae	SO
Cuculus pallidus	Pallid cuckoo	Cuculidae	SO
Dendrocygna eytoni	Plumed whistling duck	Anatidae	SO
Egretta garzetta immaculata	Little egret	Ardeidae	SO
Erythrogonys cinctus	Red-kneed dotterel	Charadriidae	SO
Eudyptes chrysocome	Western rockhopper penguin	Spheniscidae	ТО
Eudyptes chrysolophus	Macaroni penguin	Spheniscidae	ТО
Eudyptes moseleyi	Moseley's rockhopper penguin	Spheniscidae	ТО
Eudyptes moseleyi Eudyptes schlegeli	Royal penguin	Spheniscidae	ТО
Eurystomus orientalis pacificus	Dollarbird	Coraciidae	SO
Falco cenchroides cenchroides	Nankeen kestrel	Falconidae	SO
	Black falcon	Falconidae	SO
Falco subniger Fragata arial arial			
Fregata ariel ariel	Lesser frigatebird	Fregatidae	SO SO
Fregata minor palmerstoni	Great frigatebird	Fregatidae	SO SO
Gallinago hardwickii	Japanese snipe	Scolopacidae	SO
Gallinula chloropus	Common moorhen	Rallidae	SO
Gallinula tenebrosa	Dusky moorhen	Rallidae	SO
Gallinula ventralis	Black-tailed native-hen	Rallidae	SO
Gelochelidon nilotica	Gull-billed tern	Sternidae	SO
Glareola maldivarum	Oriental pratincole	Glareolidae	SO

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	FAMILY	QUALIFIER
Haliaeetus leucogaster	White-bellied sea eagle	Accipitriformes	SO
Hirundapus caudacutus caudacutus	White-throated needletail	Apodidae	SO
lxobrychus minutus dubius	Australian little bittern	Ardeidae	SO
Lalage tricolor	White-winged triller	Campephagidae	SO
Larus pacificus	Pacific gull	Laridae	SO
Larus pipixcan	Franklin's gull	Laridae	SO
Limicola falcinellus sibirica	Eastern broad-billed sandpiper	Scolopacidae	SO
Limnodromus semipalmatus	Asiatic dowitcher	Scolopacidae	SO
Limosa haemastica	Hudsonian godwit	Scolopacidae	SO
Limosa limosa melanuroides	Asiatic black-tailed godwit	Scolopacidae	SO
Malacorhynchus membranaceus	Pink-eared duck	Anatidae	SO
Milvus migrans	Black kite	Accipitridae	SO
Monarcha melanopsis	Black-faced monarch	Monarchidae	SO
Morus capensis	Cape gannet	Sulidae	SO
Myiagra cyanoleuca	Satin flycatcher	Monarchidae	SO
Numenius minutus	Little whimbrel	Scolopacidae	SO
Numenius phaeopus hudsonicus	American whimbrel	Scolopacidae	SO
Numenius tahitiensis	Bristle-thighed curlew	Scolopacidae	TO
Oceanodroma leucorhoa leucorhoa	Leach's storm petrel	Hydrobatidae	SO
Onchyoprion anaethetus	Bridled tern	Sternidae	SO
Onychoprion lunatus	Grey-backed tern	Sternidae	SO
Pelagodroma marina dulciae	Australian white-faced storm petrel	Hydrobatidae	SO
Pelecanus conspicillatus	Australian pelican	Pelicanidae	SO
Petrochelidon ariel	Fairy martin	Hirundinidae	SO
Petrochelidon nigricans	Tree martin	Hirundinidae	SO
Phaeton lepturus dorotheae	White-tailed tropicbird	Phaethontidae	SO
Phalacrocorax melanoleucos melanoleucos	Little pied cormorant	Phalacrocoracidae	SO
Phalaropus fulicaria	Grey phalarope	Scolopacidae	SO
Phalaropus lobatus	Red-necked phalarope	Scolopacidae	SO
Phalaropus tricolor	Wilson's phalarope	Scolopacidae	SO
Philomachus pugnax	Ruff	Scolopacidae	SO
Phoebastria immutabilis	Laysan albatross	Diomedeidae	TO
Phoebastria nigripes	Black-footed albatross	Diomedeidae	TO
Phoebetria fusca	Sooty albatross	Diomedeidae	TO
Platalea flavipes	Yellow-billed spoonbill	Threskiornithidae	SO
Plegadis falcinellus	Glossy ibis	Threskiornithidae	SO
Pluvialis dominicus	American golden plover	Charadriidae	SO
Pluvialis squatarola	Grey plover	Charadriidae	SO
Poliocephalus poliocephalus	Hoary-headed grebe	Podicipedidae	SO
Porzana fluminea	Australian crake	Rallidae	SO
Pseudobulweria rostrata	Tahiti petrel	Procellariidae	SO
Pterodroma alba	Phoenix petrel	Procellariidae	TO
Pterodroma externa	Juan Fernandez petrel	Procellariidae	TO
Pterodroma leucoptera caledonica	New Caledonian petrel	Procellariidae	TO
Pterodroma longirostris	Stejneger's petrel	Procellariidae	TO
Pterodroma solandri	Providence petrel	Procellariidae	TO
Puffinus assimilis assimilis	Norfolk Island little shearwater	Procellariidae	SO
Puffinus creatopus	Pink-footed shearwater	Procellariidae	SO
Puffinus gravis	Great shearwater	Procellariidae	so
Puffinus nativitatis	Christmas Island shearwater	Procellariidae	SO
Puffinus newelli	Newell's shearwater	Procellariidae	TO
Puffinus pacificus chlororhynchus	Wedge-tailed shearwater	Procellariidae	SO
Puffinus puffinus	Manx shearwater	Procellariidae	SO

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	FAMILY	QUALIFIERS
Pygoscelis adeliae	Adelie penguin	Spheniscidae	SO
Pygoscelis antarctica	Chinstrap penguin	Spheniscidae	SO
Pygoscelis papua	Gentoo penguin	Spheniscidae	SO
Recurvirostra novaehollandiae	Red-necked avocet	Recurvirostridae	SO
Rhiphidura leucophrys	Willie wagtail	Rhipiduridae	SO
Rostratula benghalensis	Painted snipe	Rostratulidae	SO
Scythrops novaehollandiae	Channel-billed cuckoo	Cuculidae	SO
Spheniscus magellanicus	Magellanic penguin	Spheniscidae	SO
Sterna bergii cristata	Crested tern	Sternidae	SO
Sterna hirundo longipennis	Common tern	Sternidae	SO
Sula leucogaster plotus	Brown booby	Sulidae	SO
Tadorna tadornoides	Chestnut-breasted shelduck	Anatidae	SO
Thalassarche cauta cauta	Tasmanian mollymawk	Diomedeidae	SO
Thalassarche chlororhynchos	Atlantic yellow-nosed mollymawk	Diomedeidae	ТО
Thalassoica antarctica	Antarctic petrel	Procellariidae	SO
Threskiornis molucca strictipennis	Australian white ibis	Threskiornithidae	SO
Threskiornis spinicollis	Straw-necked ibis	Threskiornithidae	SO
Tringa brevipes	Siberian tattler	Scolopacidae	SO
Tringa cinerea	Terek sandpiper	Scolopacidae	SO
Tringa flavipes	Lesser yellowlegs	Scolopacidae	SO
Tringa hypoleucos	Common sandpiper	Scolopacidae	SO
Tringa incana	Wandering tattler	Scolopacidae	SO
Tringa nebularia	Greenshank	Scolopacidae	SO
Tringa stagnatilis	Marsh sandpiper	Scolopacidae	SO

Coloniser

Taxa that otherwise trigger Threatened categories because of small population size, but have arrived in New Zealand without direct or indirect help from humans and have been successfully reproducing in the wild only since 1950.

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	FAMILY	QUALIFIERS
Anous stolidus pileatus	Common noddy	Sternidae	OL, SO
Elseyornis melanops	Black-fronted dotterel	Charadriidae	SO, Sp
Fulica atra australis	Australian coot	Rallidae	Inc, SO
Nycticorax caledonicus australasiae	Nankeen night heron	Ardeidae	OL, SO
Pterodroma mollis	Soft-plumaged petrel	Procellariidae	Inc, OL, SO
Tachybaptus novaehollandiae novaehollandiae	Australasian little grebe	Podicipedidae	SO
Thalassarche carteri	Eastern yellow-nosed mollymawk	Diomedeidae	ТО
Thalassarche melanophris	Black-browed mollymawk	Diomedeidae	ТО
Tyto alba delicatula	Australian barn owl	Tytonidae	OL, SO

Not Threatened

Resident native taxa that have large, stable populations.

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	FAMILY	QUALIFIERS
Acanthisitta chloris chloris	South Island rifleman	Acanthisittidae	Inc, SO
Anas gracilis	Grey teal	Anatidae	
Anas rhynchotis	Australasian shoveler	Anatidae	

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	FAMILY	QUALIFIERS
nthornis melanura melanura Bellbird		Meliphagidae	
Aythya novaeseelandiae	New Zealand scaup	Anatidae	Inc
Chrysococcyx lucidus lucidus	Shining cuckoo	Cuculidae	DP
Circus approximans	Swamp harrier	Accipitridae	SO
Cyanoramphus auriceps	Yellow-crowned parakeet	Psittacidae	EF
Cygnus atratus	Black swan	Anatidae	SO
Egretta novaehollandiae	White-faced heron	Ardeidae	SO
Fregetta tropica	Black-bellied storm petrel	Hydrobatidae	De, RR
Gallirallus australis australis	Western weka	Rallidae	EF, Inc
Gerygone igata	Grey warbler	Acanthizidae	
Hemiphaga novaeseelandiae	New Zealand pigeon, kereru	Columbidae	CD, Inc
Hirundo neoxena neoxena	Welcome swallow	Hirundinidae	Inc, SO
Larus dominicanus dominicanus	Southern black-backed gull	Laridae	SO
Mohoua albicilla	Whitehead	Pachycephalidae	
Mohoua novaeseelandiae	Brown creeper	Pachycephalidae	
Morus serrator	Australasian gannet	Sulidae	De, Inc, SO
Ninox novaeseelandiae novaeseelandiae	Morepork	Strigidae	
Pelecanoides urinatrix exsul	Subantarctic diving petrel	Procellariidae	De, RR, SO
Petroica australis australis	South Island robin	Petroicidae	CD
Petroica longipes	North Island robin	Petroicidae	St
Petroica macrocephala macrocephala	Yellow-breasted tomtit	Petroicidae	
Petroica macrocephala toitoi	Pied tomtit	Petroicidae	
Phalacrocorax melanoleucos brevirostris	Little shag	Phalacrocoracidae	Inc
Porphyrio melanotus melanotus	Pukeko	Rallidae	Inc, SO
Prosthemadera novaeseelandiae novaeseelandiae	Tui	Meliphagidae	OL, St
Pterodroma lessonii	White-headed petrel	Procellariidae	De, RR, SO
Pterodroma macroptera gouldi	Grey-faced petrel	Procellariidae	De, Inc, RR
Pterodroma nigripennis	Black-winged petrel	Procellariidae	De, Inc, RR
Rhipidura fuliginosa fuliginosa	South Island fantail	Rhipiduridae	EF
Rhipidura fuliginosa placabilis	North Island fantail	Rhipiduridae	EF
Stictocarbo punctatus punctatus	Spotted shag	Phalacrocoracidae	
Tadorna variegata	Paradise shelduck	Anatidae	
Todiramphus sanctus vagans	New Zealand kingfisher	Halcyonidae	SO
Vanellus miles novaehollandiae	Spur-winged plover	Charadriidae	SO
Zosterops lateralis lateralis	Silvereye	Zosteropidae	SO

Introduced and Naturalised

Taxa that have become naturalised in the wild after being deliberately or accidentally introduced into New Zealand by human agency.

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	FAMILY	QUALIFIERS
Acridotheres tristis	Myna	Sturnidae	SO
Alauda arvensis	Skylark	Alaudidae	SO
Alectoris chukar	Chukor	Phasianidae	SO, Sp
Anas platyrhynchos	Mallard	Anatidae	SO
Anser anser	Feral (greylag) goose	Anatidae	SO
Athene noctua	Little owl	Strigidae	SO
Branta canadensis	Canada goose	Anatidae	SO
Cacatua galerita	Sulphur-crested cockatoo	Cacatuidae	SO, Sp
Callipepla californica	California quail	Phasianidae	SO

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	FAMILY	QUALIFIERS
Carduelis carduelis	Goldfinch	Fringillidae	SO
Carduelis chloris	Greenfinch	Fringillidae	SO
Carduelis flammea	Redpoll	Fringillidae	SO
Cereopsis novaehollandiae	Cape Barren goose	Anatidae	SO, Sp
Columba livia	Rock pigeon	Columbidae	SO
Corvus frugilegus	Rook	Corvidae	SO
Coturnix ypsilophora australis	Australian brown quail	Phasianidae	SO
Cygnus olor	Mute swan	Anatidae	SO, Sp
Dacelo novaeguineae	Laughing kookaburra	Halcyonidae	RR, SO
Emberiza cirlus	Cirl bunting	Emberizidae	SO, Sp
Emberiza citrinella	Yellowhammer	Emberizidae	SO
Eolophus roseicapillus	Galah	Cacatuidae	RR, SO
Fringilla coelebs	Chaffinch	Fringillidae	SO
Gallus gallus	Feral chicken	Phasianidae	SO
Gymnorhina tibicen	Australian magpie	Artamidae	SO
Meleagris gallopavo	Wild turkey	Phasianidae	SO
Numida meleagris	Helmeted guineafowl	Phasianidae	SO, Sp
Passer domesticus	House sparrow	Passeridae	SO
Pavo cristatus	Peafowl	Phasianidae	SO
Phasianus colchicus	Common pheasant	Phasianidae	SO
Platycercus elegans	Crimson rosella	Psittacidae	RR, SO
Platycercus eximius	Eastern rosella	Psittacidae	SO
Prunella modularis	Dunnock	Prunellidae	SO
Streptopelia chinensis tigrina	Spotted dove	Columbidae	SO
Streptopelia risoria	Barbary dove	Columbidae	SO, Sp
Sturnus vulgaris	Starling	Sturnidae	SO
Turdus merula	Blackbird	Turdidae	SO
Turdus philomelos	Song thrush	Turdidae	SO

2.2 Taxonomically Indeterminate

Data Deficient

Taxa that are suspected to be threatened, or in some instances, possibly extinct but are not definitely known to belong to any particular category due to a lack of current information about their distribution and abundance. It is hoped that listing such taxa will stimulate research to find out the true category (for a fuller definition see Townsend et al. 2008).

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	FAMILY
Anas chlorotis "South Island"	South Island brown teal	Anatidae

Threatened

Taxa that meet the criteria specified by Townsend et al. (2008) for the categories Nationally Critical, Nationally Endangered and Nationally Vulnerable.

Nationally Critical

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	FAMILY	CRITERIA 2012	QUALIFIERS
Apteryx australis "Haast" Pelecanoides georgicus "Codfish Island"	Haast tokoeka Codfish Island diving petrel	Apterygidae Procellariidae	A(1) A(1)	CD, Inc, OL, RF CD, IE, OL

Nationally Vulnerable

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	FAMILY	CRITERIA 2012	QUALIFIERS
Falco novaeseelandiae "bush" Falco novaeseelandiae "southern"	Bush falcon Southern falcon	Falconidae Falconidae	B(1/1) B(1/1)	DP, St DP

At Risk

Taxa that meet the criteria specified by Townsend et al. (2008) for Declining, Recovering, Relict and Naturally Uncommon.

Recovering

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	FAMILY	CRITERIA 2012	QUALIFIERS
Falco novaeseelandiae "eastern"	Eastern falcon	Falconidae	Α	DP, Inc

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